

CROQUET DO'S & DON'TS

DO'S

YOU MUST :

1. Remind your opponent to take their continuation shot if they have forgotten.
2. Tell your opponent if they have misplaced a clip.
3. Forestall your opponent (that is stop them playing) if :-
 - a) they are about to take croquet from the wrong ball
 - b) they are about to take croquet when not entitled to
 - c) they are about to play a single ball stroke when they should be taking croquet
 - d) they are about to play a stroke when not entitled to do so
 - e) when a ball is misplaced. This can happen when :-
 - 1) a croqueted ball finishes in the yard line area and is not placed on the yard line.
 - 2) after running a hoop the ball finishes within the yard line area and is replaced on the yard line in error.
 - 3) after a croquet stroke the strikers ball finishes within the yard line area and is replaced on the yard line in error.
 - 4) after a continuation stroke the striker's ball finishes within the yard line area and is not replaced on the yard line.
 - 5) a double banker has marked and moved one of the balls of your game and your opponent is unaware of this.
 - 6) when your opponent is about to play a questionable stroke, that is one which would possibly result in a fault. An example would be a possible crash stroke.
 - 7) Tell your opponent if they are about to strike a ball from a double banked game

DON'TS

You must not :-

- 1) tell your opponent if they are about to play the wrong ball.
- 2) tell your opponent if they are about to run the wrong hoop.
- 3) tell your opponent if they are about to run a hoop after taking a half bisque.
Remember that the stroke is legitimate but the hoop has not been made and therefore there is no continuation stroke.
- 4) Give any advice to your opponent or accept any from him/her
- 5) Tell your opponent that they have a lift